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Energy Storage and Power Lithium Batteries

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Outline

- Research Fields and Interests
- Progress of our research work
- Progress on Industrialization
- Application



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Research Fields and Interests

Research Field:

Energy materials and devices, currently focusing on LIBs cathode materials and technology related to lithium ion battery.

Research Direction:

R&D of novel materials and systems with high safety, low cost, and long life for energy storage and transformation.

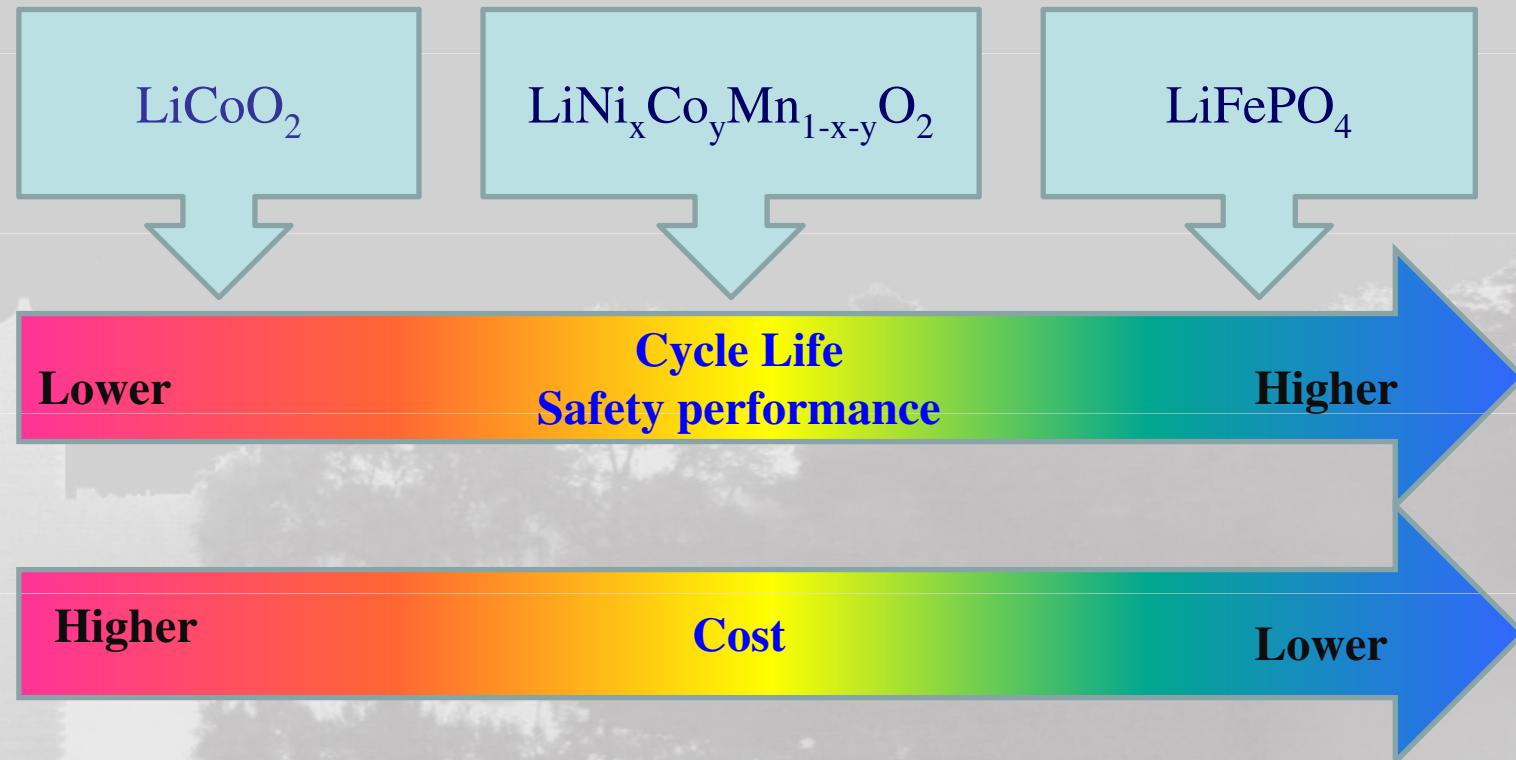


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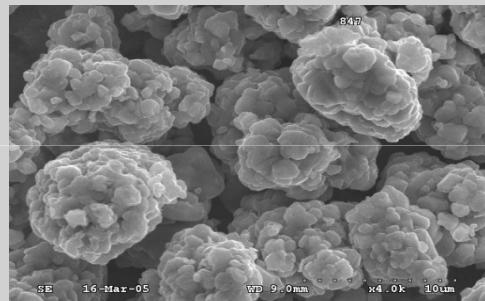
Materials with research interest



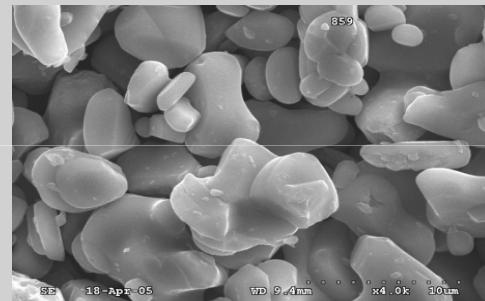


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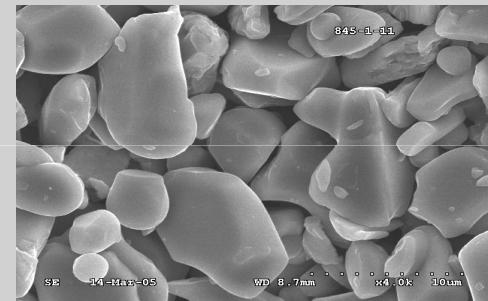
Research on LiCoO₂—For Mobile Phone&NB



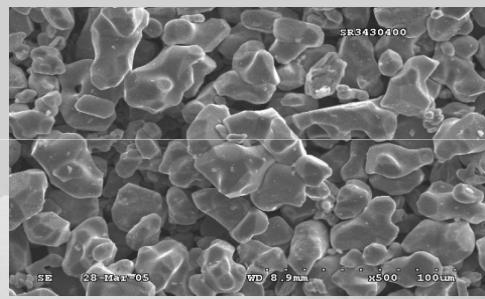
680



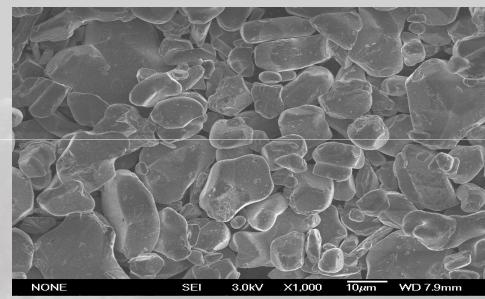
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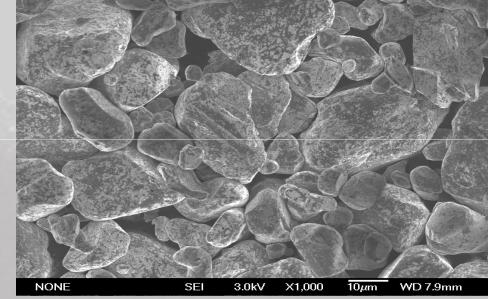
880



980



981A

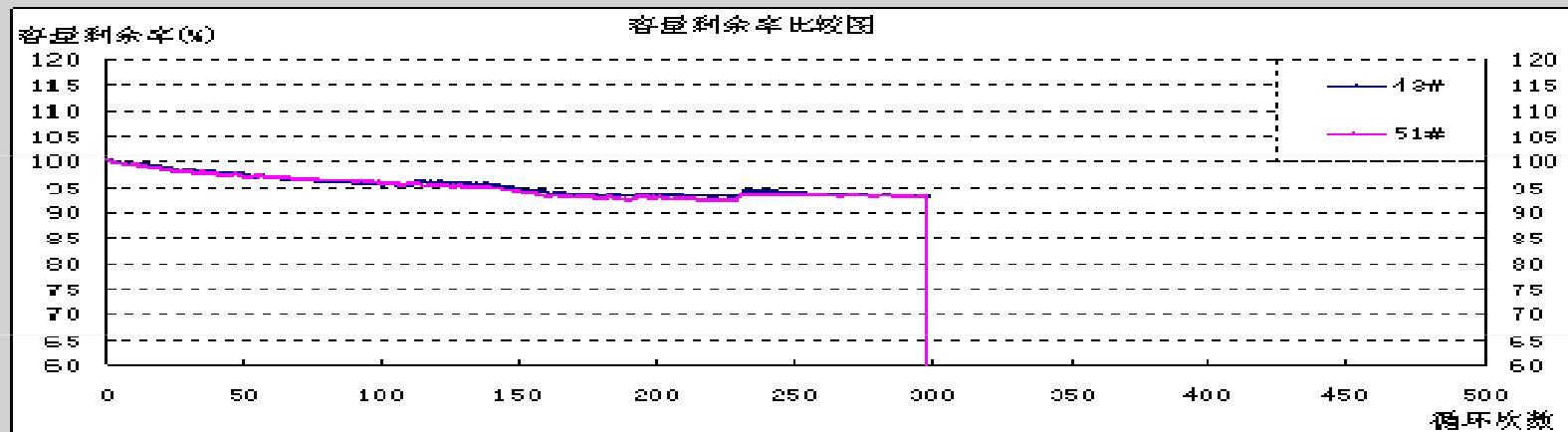


982H

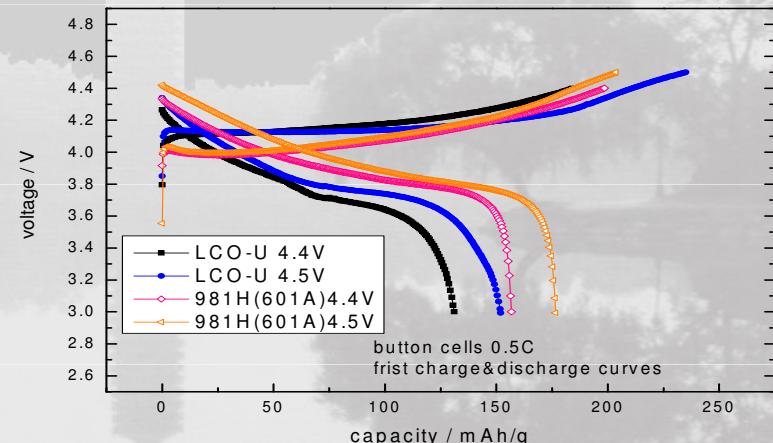
Coat ing and Doping: Big Particle size, High Tap, Good safety, Long cycle life



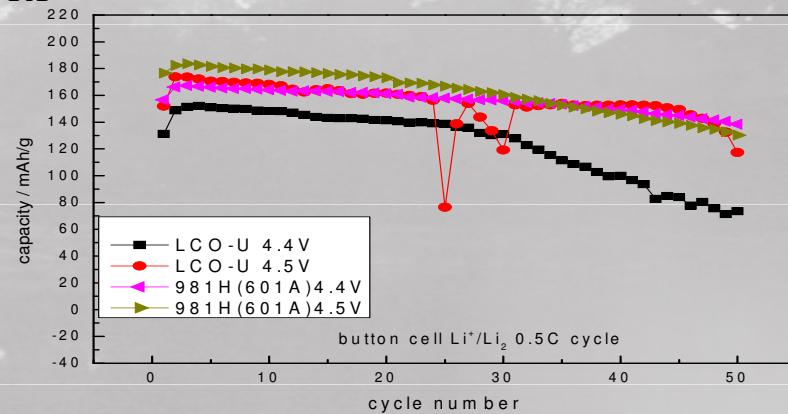
Good Performance of LiCoO_2 products



Cycle performance at RT



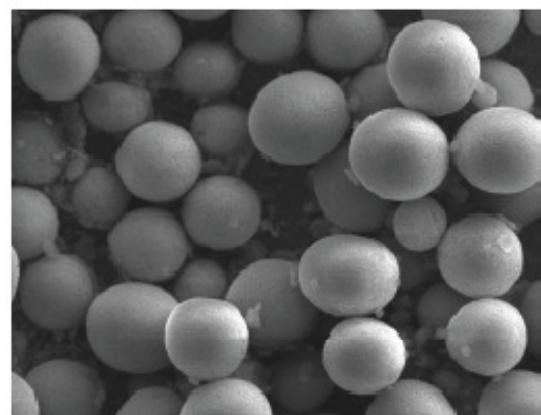
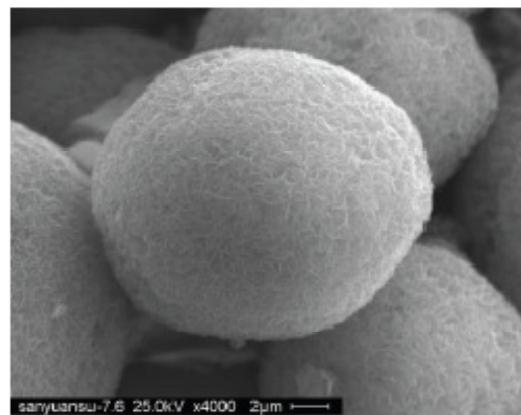
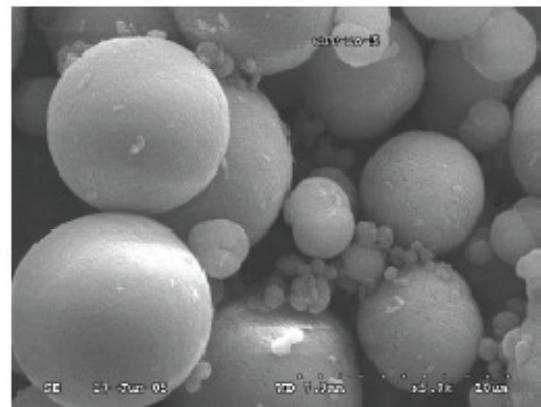
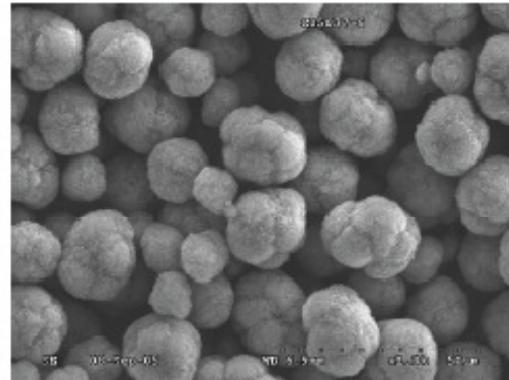
Char&Dis curves at High Voltage



Cycle Performance at High Voltage



Research on $\text{LiNi}_x\text{Co}_y\text{Mn}_{1-x-y}\text{O}_2$ (NCM)



Advantages

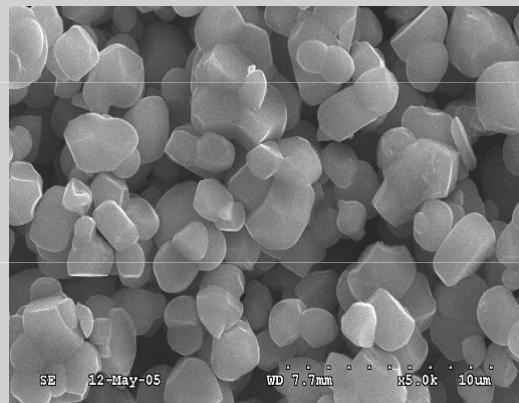
- Higher Safety
- Lower Cost
- Higher capacity

Difficult to synthesize:

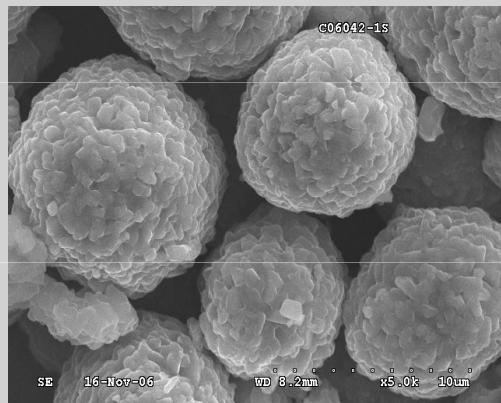
We have synthesized spherical morphology NCM precursor by controlled synthesis method, which can make Ni, Co, Mn 3 elements mixed homogeneously.



Synthesis of different type NCM cathode materials



PU-10



PU-20



PU-30



PU-50

Different morphology

$\text{LiNi}_{0.4}\text{Co}_{0.2}\text{Mn}_{0.4}\text{O}_2$

$\text{LiNi}_{1/3}\text{Co}_{1/3}\text{Mn}_{1/3}\text{O}_2$

$\text{LiNi}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{0.2}\text{Mn}_{0.3}\text{O}_2$



Surface modification of NCM

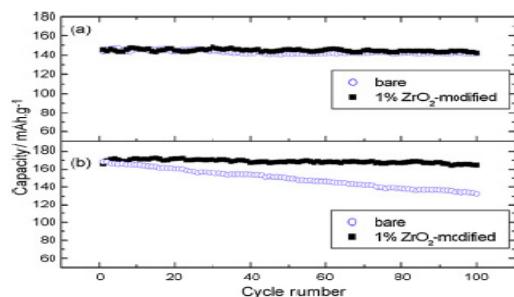
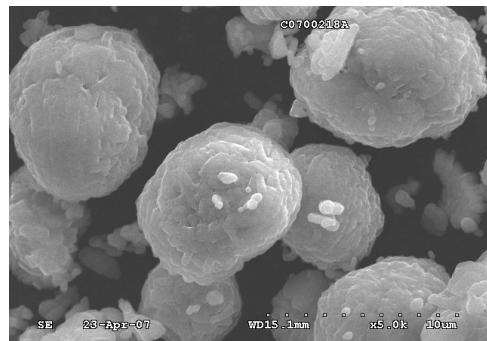
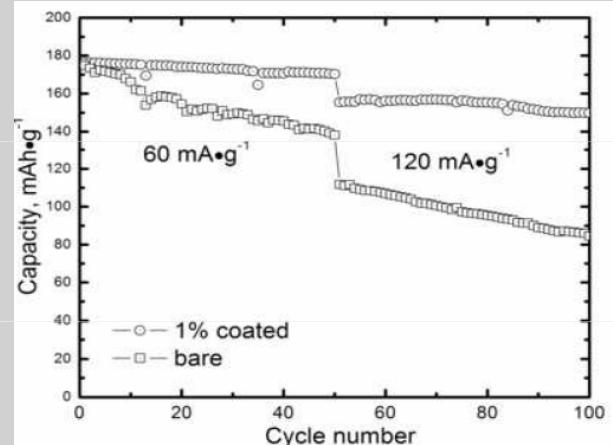
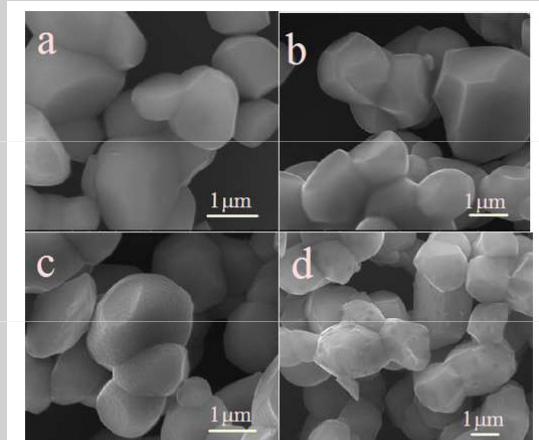


Fig. 7. Cycle performance comparison between bare material and 1% ZrO_2 -modified $LiNi_{1/3}Co_{1/3}Mn_{1/3}O_2$ at 0.5C current charging and discharging in the voltage range of 4.3–3.0V (a) and 4.5–3.0V (b), respectively.

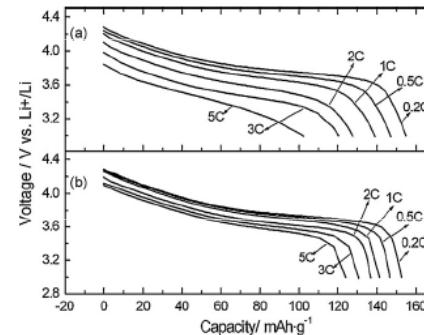


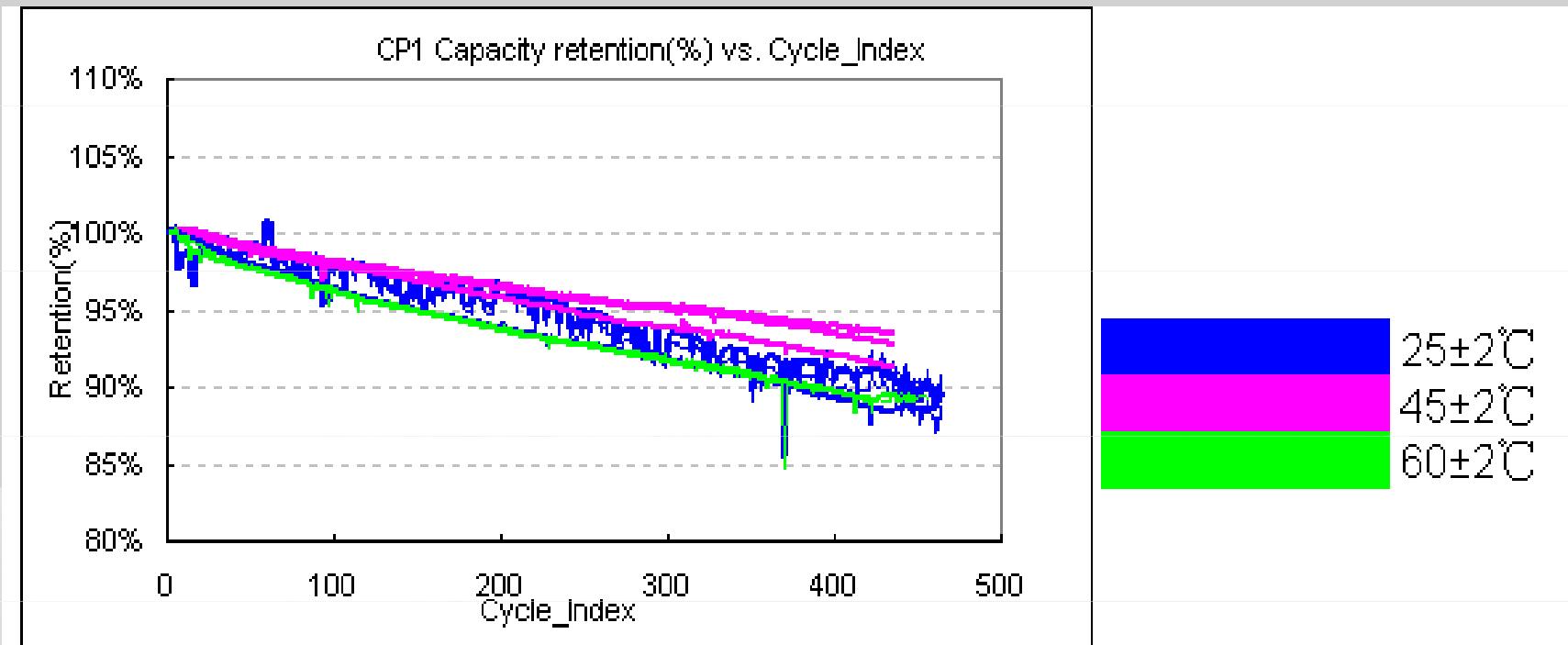
Fig. 8. Rate discharging capability of bare (a) and 1% ZrO_2 -modified $LiNi_{1/3}Co_{1/3}Mn_{1/3}O_2$ (b).

Ni JF, Zhou HH, Chen JT, Zhang XX. *Electrochimica Acta*, 2008, 53(7), 3075

Huang YY, Chen JT, Ni JF, Zhou HH*, Zhang XX. *Journal of Power Sources* 188 (2009) 538–545

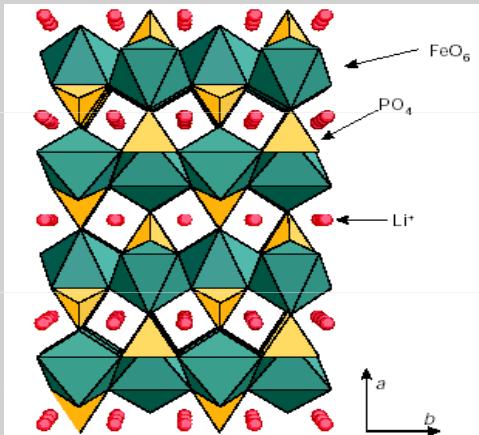


Good Performance of NCM





Research on LiFePO₄



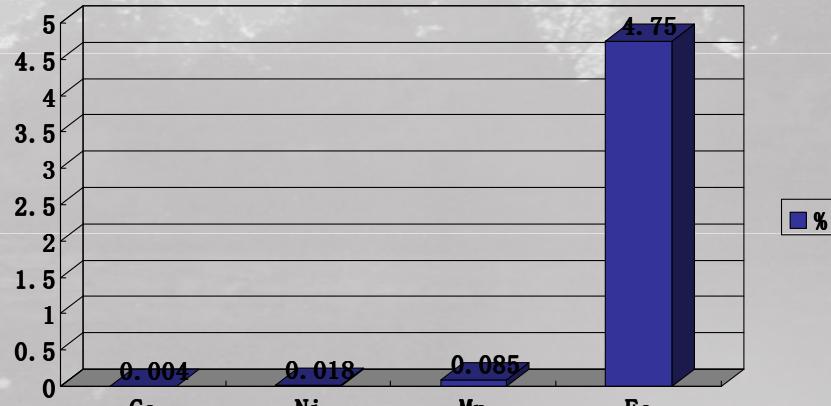
(Tarascon, Nature, 2001, 414:359)

Disadvantages

- 1、Slow Li-ion diffusion
- 2、Low electronic conductivity
- 3、Power power capability

Advantages

- 1、Good Structure Stability-Safety, long life;
- 2、Fe and Phosphates are abundant-Low cost;
- 3、Environmentally friendly-no toxic elements.

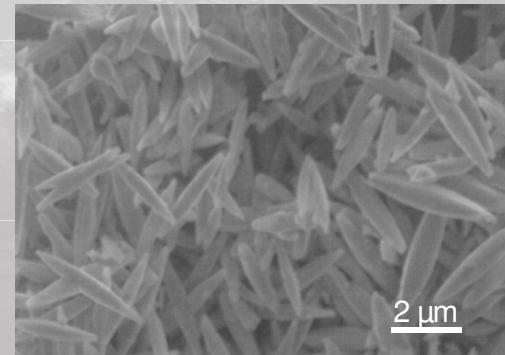
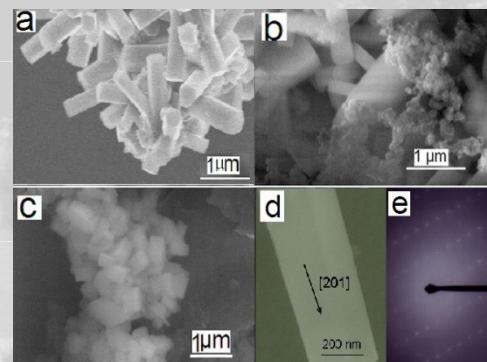
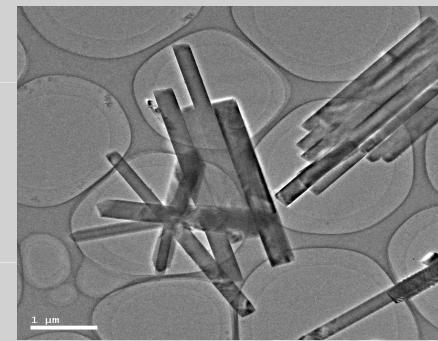
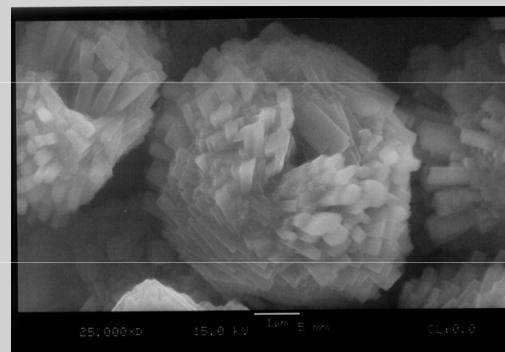
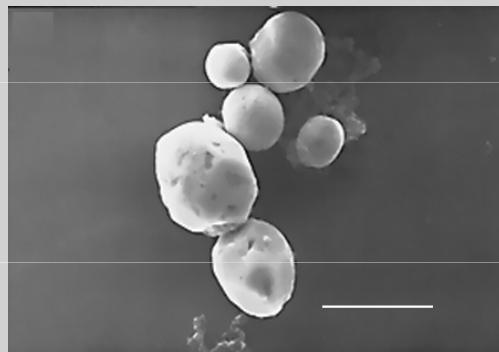


Compare of Dif. Elements content in the earth



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Morphology Control of LFP



Materials Letters, 61 (3-4) : 1260~1264, 2007
Acta Physico-Chimica Sinica , 2007,23(6):830~834
China Patent: ZL 20061 0011378.7, 2008, CN1821063, 2007

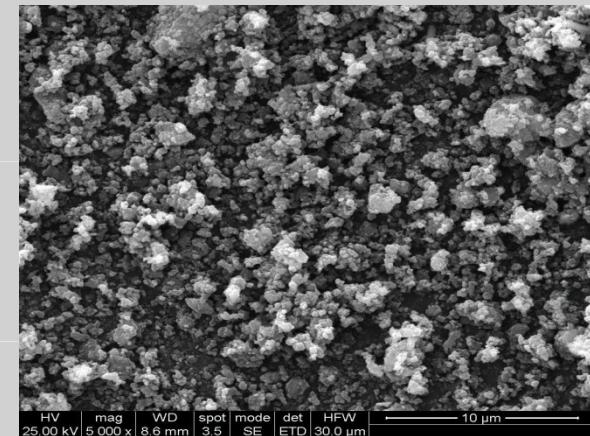
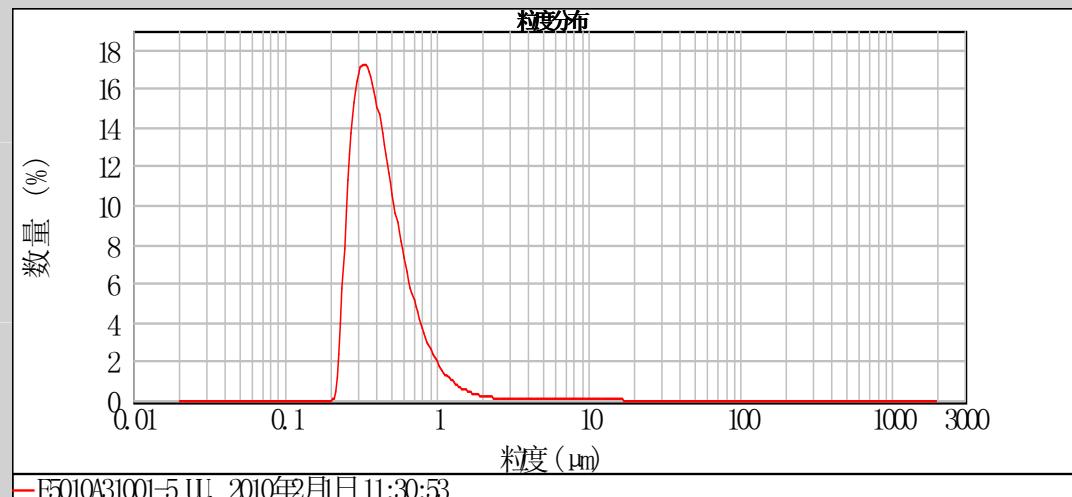


Properties of Different type LFP

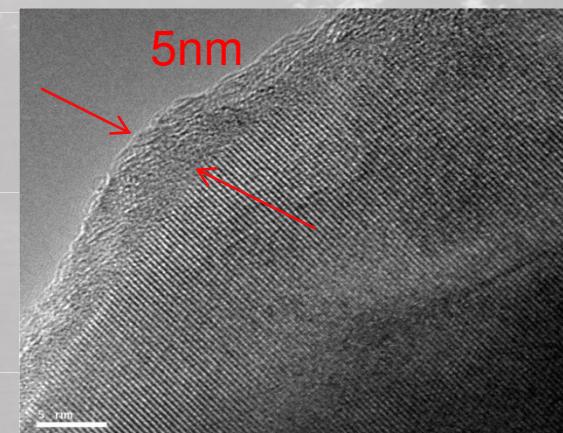
指标	LFP-020	LFP-021	LFP-200	LFP-300	LFP-500
D ₅₀ (μm)	1.8	2.0	1.5	2.0	1.5
TD(g/cm ³)	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4
SSA(m ² /g)	15	15	12	9	14
Press Density (g/cm ³)	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3
0.1C Cap.	152	154	156	154	159
3.3V(0.1C)	88%	90%	95%	94%	96%
1C Cap.	138	136	144	143	147
3.3V(1C)	70%	65%	84%	82%	81%



Property of LFP-500



LFP-500 SEM

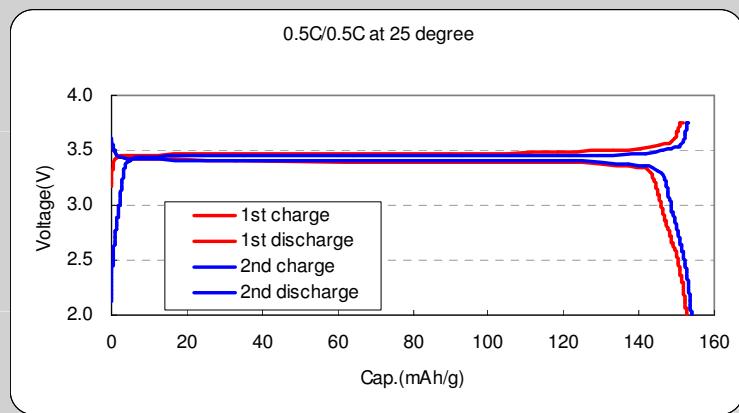


LFP-500 TEM

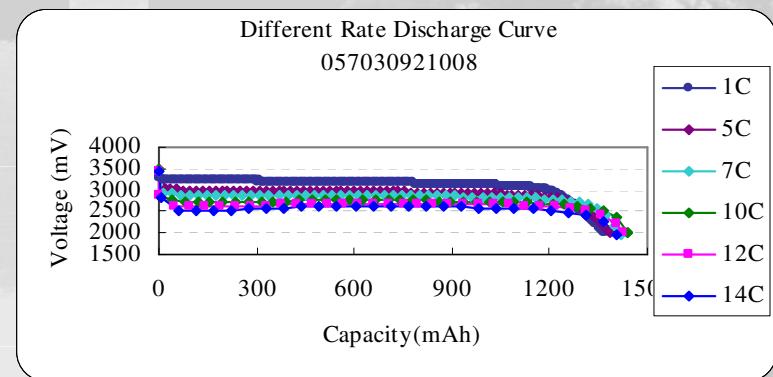
Narrow PSD
Uniform and thin Carbon coating layer



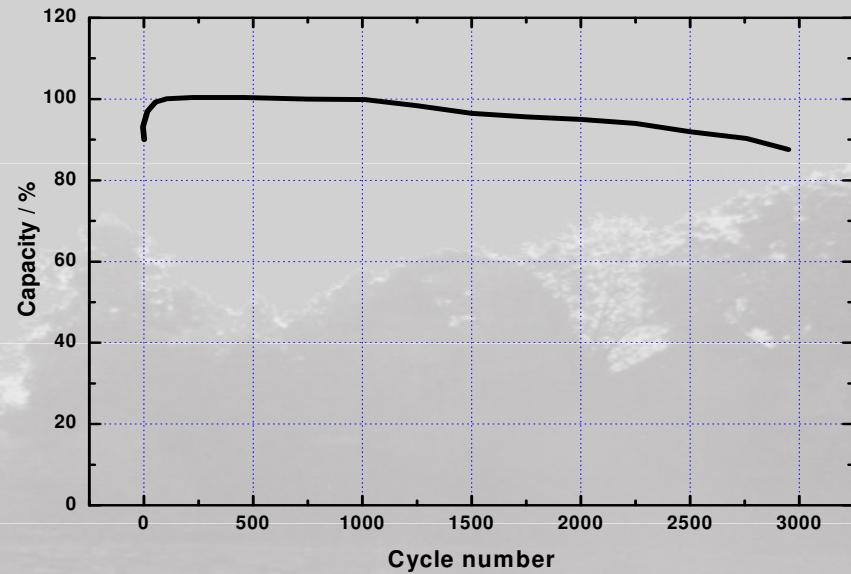
Good Electrochemical performance



Char&Dis curves



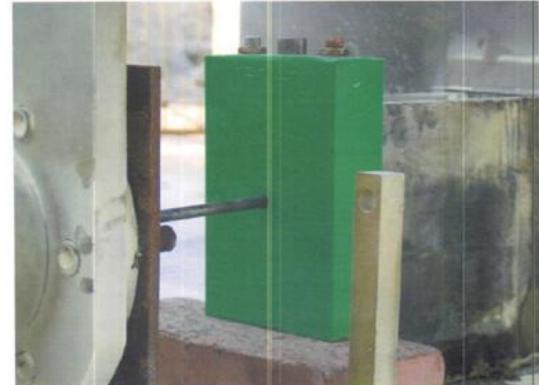
High Rate Performance



Cycle performance



Safety Performance test of LFP power batteries





Outline

- Background
- Progress of our research work
- Progress on Industrialization
- Application



Progress on Industrialization

- In Dec.1999, we founded a high-tech company -- **Pulead**, mainly engaged in production and sales of lithium ion batteries and electrode materials.
- Granted ISO9001:2000 Quality management system in May 2002, ISO14001:2004 Environment management system in Jan. 2006.



Changping Plant



Product Line of LFP



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Progress on Industrialization

- In Jul. 2004, we founded the first subsidiary company-- **Tai'an Pulead** Company in Shandong, mainly engaged in production of LCO and NCM.

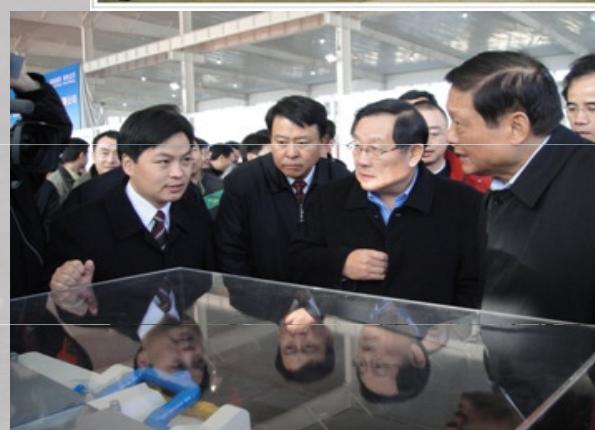
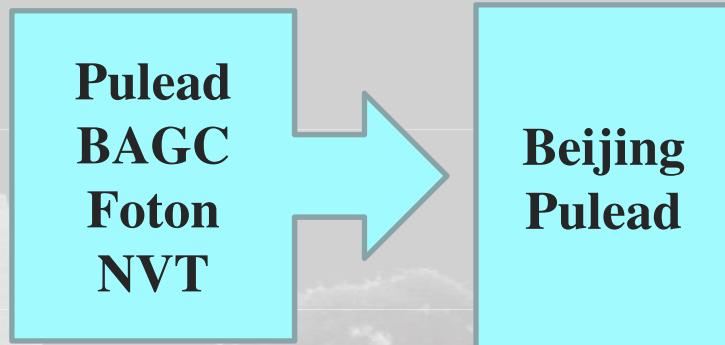


Tai'an Plant



Progress on Industrialization

- In Nov. 2009, we founded the second subsidiary company-- **Beijing Pulead Battery company**, mainly engaged in production of power Battery.





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Progress on Industrialization

- In Jan. 2010, We founded the third subsidiary company, **Qinghai Taifeng Pulead** company in Qinghai, mainly engaged in production of LiFePO₄ and high quality Li₂CO₃.



Layout Picture in Qinghai factory



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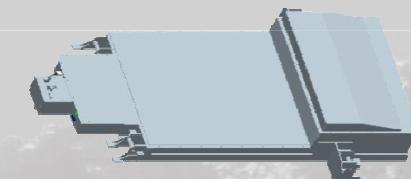
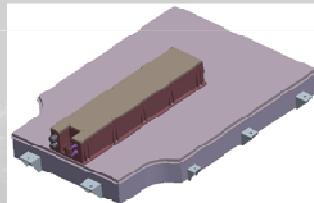
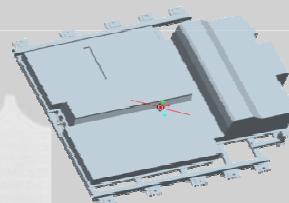


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Beijing Sedan Projects

(2008-)

BE701 (Sebring)



C60EV (Saab 9-3)



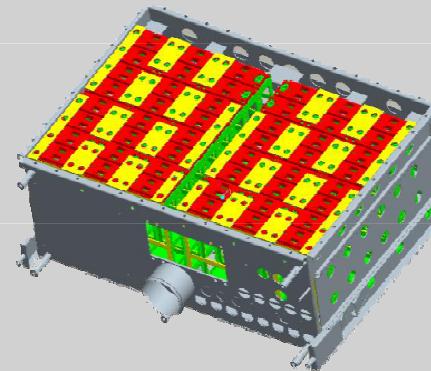
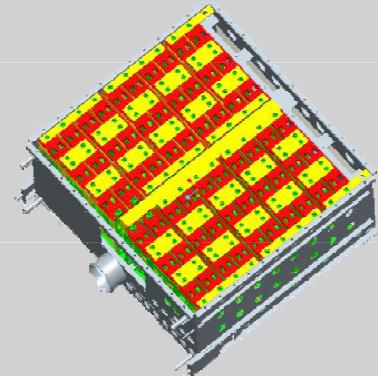
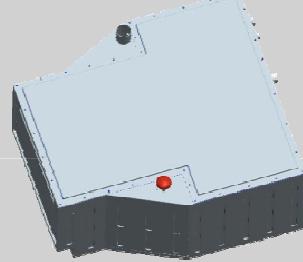
C71EV (Saab 9-5)



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Beijing Street Sweeper Project

(2008-)



2 tons



8 tons



16 tons





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Demonstration project of cleaning trucks in Beijing



3 type:
Watering cart
Garbage truck
Road sweeper

Total: 30

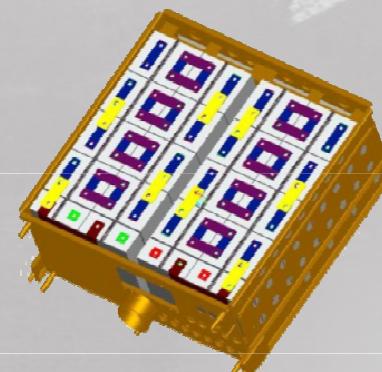
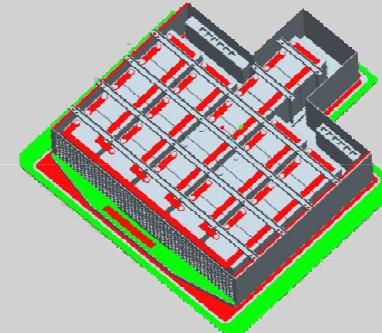
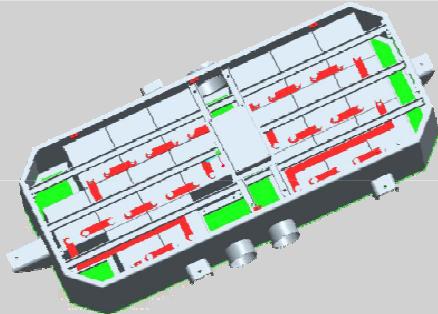


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Other Ongoing Beijing Projects

(2008-)

Midi EV - Taxi



City Bus



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E-Bus Charge Station



E-Bus LFP Battery pack specifications :

- 396V/360Ah
- 10 packs/bus
- 120Ah Cell 3 parallel connection and 124series connection
- Battery weight : 1.6t
- Full charge duration:3h
- Battery exchange



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Energy Storage Battery Projects



Solar Energy Street Lamp demonstration projects for energy storage battery



Challenges in the Future

	$\frac{\text{Range (miles)} \times 300 \text{ Wh/mile}}{0.8 \text{ (20\% reserve capacity)}}$	= 15 kWh for 40 mile PHEV = 75 kWh for 200 mile BEV	Energy
Typical of current Li-ion	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \div 110 \text{ Wh/kg} \\ \div 220 \text{ Wh/L} \end{array} \right.$	= 136 kg for 40 mile PHEV = 681 kg for 200 mile BEV	
		= 68 L for 40 mile PHEV = 341 L for 200 mile BEV	Volume (too big!)
Target cost	$\times \text{US\$0.50/Wh}$ ~Similar cost to Na-S	= US\\$7500 for 40 mile PHEV = US\\$37,500 for 200 mile BEV	
			Cost (too expensive!)

Lower cost, longer calendar life, higher safety, higher energy density and better temperature performance!



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Acknowledge

- Ministry of Sci&Tech
- Beijing Government
- Ministry of Information and Industry
- Zhongguancun Government



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Thanks for your attention !